



The definition of information literacy has become more complex as resources and technologies have changed.

Information literacy has progressed from the simple definition of using reference resources to find information. Multiple literacies, including digital, visual, textual, and technological, have now joined information literacy as crucial skills for this century.

The continuing expansion of information demands that all individuals acquire the thinking skills that will enable them to learn on their own.

The amount of information available to our learners necessitates that each individual acquire the skills to select, evaluate, and use information appropriately and effectively.

Learning has a social context.

Learning is enhanced by opportunities to share and learn with others. Students need to develop skills in sharing knowledge and learning with others, both in face-to-face situations and through technology.

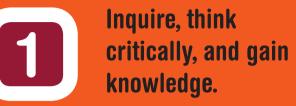
School libraries are essential to the development of learning skills.

School libraries provide equitable physical and intellectual access to the resources and tools required for learning in a warm, stimulating, and safe environment. School librarians collaborate



with others to provide instruction, learning strategies, and practice in using the essential learning skills needed in the 21st century.

LEARNERS USE SKILLS, RESOURCES, & TOOLS TO:



Draw conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.

Share knowledge and participate ethically and productively as members of our democratic society.

Pursue personal and aesthetic growth.

1

Inquire, think critically, and gain knowledge.

1.1 Skills

- i.i.i Follow an inquiry-based process in seeking knowledge in curricular subjects, and make the real-world connection for using this process in own life.
- 1.1.2 Use prior and background knowledge as context for new learning.
- 1.1.3 Develop and refine a range of questions to frame the search for new understanding.
- 1.1.4 Find, evaluate, and select appropriate sources to answer questions.
- 1.1.5 Evaluate information found in selected sources on the basis of accuracy, validity, appropriateness for needs, importance, and social and cultural context.
- i.i.6 Read, view, and listen for information presented in any format (e.g., textual, visual, media, digital) in order to make inferences and gather meaning.

- 1.1.7 Make sense of information gathered from diverse sources by identifying misconceptions, main and supporting ideas, conflicting information, and point of view or bias.
- of technology tools for accessing information and pursuing inquiry.
- 1.1.9 Collaborate with others to broaden and deepen understanding.



1.2 Dispositions in Action

and engagement by posing questions and investigating the answers beyond the collection of superficial facts.

- confidence and selfdirection by making independent choices in the selection of resources and information.
- 1.2.3 Demonstrate creativity by using multiple resources and formats.
- 1.2.4 Maintain a critical stance by questioning the validity and accuracy of all information.
- 1.2.5 Demonstrate
 adaptability by
 changing the inquiry
 focus, questions,
 resources, or strategies
 when necessary to
 achieve success.
- resilience by persisting in information searching despite challenges.
- 1.2.7 Display persistence by continuing to pursue information to gain a broad perspective.



1.3 Responsibilities

- 1.3.1 Respect copyright/ intellectual property rights of creators and producers.
- 1.3.2 Seek divergent perspectives during information gathering and assessment.
- 1.3.3 Follow ethical and legal guidelines in gathering and using information.
- 1.3.4 Contribute to the exchange of ideas within the learning community.
- 1.3.5 Use information technology responsibly.

- 1.4.1 Monitor own information-seeking processes for effectiveness and progress, and adapt as necessary.
- 1.4.2 Use interaction with and feedback from teachers and peers to guide own inquiry process.
- 1.4.3 Monitor gathered information, and assess for gaps or weaknesses.
- 1.4.4 Seek appropriate help when it is needed.

2

Draw conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.

2.1 Skills

- based research process by applying critical-thinking skills (analysis, synthesis, evaluation, organization) to information and knowledge in order to construct new understandings, draw conclusions, and create new knowledge.
- 2.1.2 Organize knowledge so that it is useful.
- 2.1.3 Use strategies to draw conclusions from information and apply knowledge to curricular areas, realworld situations, and further investigations.
- 2.1.4 Use technology and other information tools to analyze and organize information.
- 2.1.5 Collaborate with others to exchange ideas, develop new understandings, make decisions, and solve problems.

2.1.6 Use the writing process, media and visual literacy, and technology skills to create products that express new understandings.

2.2 Dispositions in Action

2.2.1 Demonstrate
flexibility in the
use of resources by
adapting information
strategies to each
specific resource and
by seeking additional
resources when clear
conclusions cannot
be drawn.

- 2.2.2 Use both divergent and convergent thinking to formulate alternative conclusions and test them against the evidence.
- 2.2.3 Employ a critical stance in drawing conclusions by demonstrating that the pattern of evidence leads to a decision or conclusion.
- 2.2.4 Demonstrate personal productivity by completing products to express learning.

2.3 Responsibilities

- 2.3.1 Connect understanding to the real world.
- 2.3.2 Consider diverse and global perspectives in drawing conclusions.
- 2.3.3 Use valid information and reasoned conclusions to make ethical decisions.

- 2.4.1 Determine how to act on information (accept, reject, modify).
- 2.4.2 Reflect on systematic process, and assess for completeness of investigation.
- 2.4.3 Recognize new knowledge and understanding.



3

Share knowledge and participate ethically and productively as members of our democratic society.

3.1 Skills

- 3.1.1 Conclude an inquirybased research process by sharing new understandings and reflecting on the learning.
- 3.1.2 Participate and collaborate as members of a social and intellectual network of
- 3.1.3 Use writing and speaking skills to communicate new understandings effectively.
- 3.1.4 Use technology and other information tools to organize and display knowledge and understanding in ways that others can view, use, and assess.

3.2 Dispositions in Action

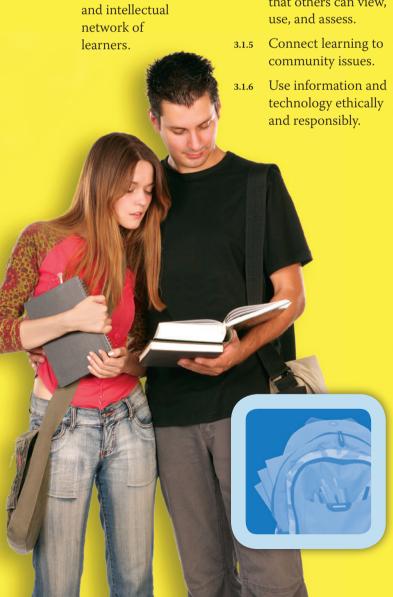
- 3.2.1 Demonstrate leadership and confidence by presenting ideas to others in both formal and informal situations.
- 3.2.2 Show social responsibility by participating actively with others in learning situations and by contributing questions and ideas during group discussions.
- 3.2.3 Demonstrate teamwork by working productively with others.

3.3 Responsibilities

- 3.3.1 Solicit and respect diverse perspectives while searching for information, collaborating with others, and participating as a member of the community.
- 3.3.2 Respect the differing interests and experiences of others, and seek a variety of viewpoints.

- 3.3.3 Use knowledge and information skills and dispositions to engage in public conversation and debate around issues of common concern.
- 3.3.4 Create products that apply to authentic, real-world contexts.
- 3.3.5 Contribute to the exchange of ideas within and beyond the learning community.
- 3.3.6 Use information and knowledge in the service of democratic values.
- 3.3.7 Respect the principles of intellectual freedom.

- 3.4.1 Assess the processes by which learning was achieved in order to revise strategies and learn more effectively in the future.
- 3.4.2 Assess the quality and effectiveness of the learning product.
- 3.4.3 Assess own ability to work with others in a group setting by evaluating varied roles, leadership, and demonstrations of respect for other viewpoints.





Pursue personal and aesthetic growth.

4.1 Skills

- 4.1.1 Read, view, and listen for pleasure and personal growth.
- 4.1.2 Read widely and fluently to make connections with self, the world, and previous reading.
- 4.1.3 Respond to literature and creative expressions of ideas in various formats and genres.
- 4.1.4 Seek information for personal learning in a variety of formats and genres.
- 4.1.5 Connect ideas to own interests and previous knowledge and experience.
- 4.1.6 Organize personal knowledge in a way that can be called upon easily.
- 4.1.7 Use social networks and information tools to gather and share information.
- 4.1.8 Use creative and artistic formats to express personal learning.



4.2 Dispositions in Action

- 4.2.1 Display curiosity by pursuing interests through multiple resources.
- 4.2.2 Demonstrate
 motivation by seeking
 information to answer
 personal questions
 and interests, trying a
 variety of formats and
 genres, and displaying
 a willingness to go
 beyond academic
 requirements.
- to new ideas
 by considering
 divergent opinions,
 changing opinions
 or conclusions when
 evidence supports the
 change, and seeking
 information about
 new ideas encountered
 through academic or
 personal experiences.

for literature by electing to read for pleasure and expressing an interest in various literary genres.

4.3 Responsibilities

- 4.3.1 Participate in the social exchange of ideas, both electronically and in person.
- 4.3.2 Recognize that resources are created for a variety of purposes.
- 4.3.3 Seek opportunities for pursuing personal and aesthetic growth.
- 4.3.4 Practice safe and ethical behaviors in personal electronic communication and interaction.



- 4.4.1 Identify own areas of interest.
- 4.4.2 Recognize the limits of own personal knowledge.



- 4.4.3 Recognize how to focus efforts in personal learning.
- information based on cultural and social context.
- 4.4.5 Develop personal criteria for gauging how effectively own ideas are expressed.
- to select resources that are engaging and appropriate for personal interests and needs.

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21st CENTURY LEARNERS

Skills

Key abilities needed for understanding, learning, thinking, and mastering subjects.

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Does the student have the right proficiencies to explore a topic or subject further?

Dispositions in Action

Ongoing beliefs
and attitudes that
guide thinking and
intellectual behavior
that can be measured
through actions taken.

key question

Is the student disposed to higher-level thinking and actively engaged in critical thinking to gain and share knowledge?

Responsibilities

Common behaviors
used by independent
learners in researching,
investigating, and
problem solving.

key question

Is the student aware that
the foundational traits for
21st-century learning require
self-accountability that extends
beyond skills and dispositions?

Self-Assessment Strategies

Reflections on one's own learning to determine that the skills, dispositions, and responsibilities are effective.

key question

Can the student recognize personal strengths and weaknesses over time and become a stronger, more independent learner?